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or, in the case of a renewal prescription, ends when the prescriber determines that no change in the existing prescription is required, and such term may include:

- (1) An examination to determine lens specifications;
- (2) Except in the case of a renewal of a contact lens prescription, an initial evaluation of the fit of the contact lens on the eye; and
- (3) Medically necessary follow-up examinations.

Contact lens prescription means a prescription, issued in accordance with State and Federal law, that contains sufficient information for the complete and accurate filling of a prescription for contact lenses, including the following:

- (1) The name of the patient;
- (2) The date of examination;
- (3) The issue date and expiration date of prescription;
- (4) The name, postal address, telephone number, and facsimile telephone number of prescriber;
- (5) The power, material or manufacturer or both of the prescribed contact lens:
- (6) The base curve or appropriate designation of the prescribed contact lens;
- (7) The diameter, when appropriate, of the prescribed contact lens; and
- (8) In the case of a private label contact lens, the name of the manufacturer, trade name of the private label brand, and, if applicable, trade name of equivalent brand name.

Direct communication means completed communication by telephone, facsimile, or electronic mail.

Issue date means the date on which the patient receives a copy of the prescription at the completion of a contact lens fitting.

Ophthalmic goods are contact lenses, eyeglasses, or any component of eyeglasses.

Ophthalmic services are the measuring, fitting, and adjusting of ophthalmic goods subsequent to an eye examination

Prescriber means, with respect to contact lens prescriptions, an ophthalmologist, optometrist, or other person permitted under State law to issue prescriptions for contact lenses in compliance with any applicable requirements

established by the Food and Drug Administration. "Other person," for purposes of this definition, includes a dispensing optician who is permitted under State law to issue prescriptions and who is authorized or permitted under State law to perform contact lens fitting services.

Private label contact lenses mean contact lenses that are sold under the label of a seller where the contact lenses are identical to lenses made by the same manufacturer but sold under the labels of other sellers.

§ 315.3 Availability of contact lens prescriptions to patients.

- (a) *In general*. When a prescriber completes a contact lens fitting, the prescriber:
- (1) Whether or not requested by the patient, shall provide to the patient a copy of the contact lens prescription; and
- (2) Shall, as directed by any person designated to act on behalf of the patient, provide or verify the contact lens prescription by electronic or other means
 - (b) Limitations. A prescriber may not:
- (1) Require the purchase of contact lenses from the prescriber or from another person as a condition of providing a copy of a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section or as a condition of verification of a prescription under paragraph (a)(2) of this section:
- (2) Require payment in addition to, or as part of, the fee for an eye examination, fitting, and evaluation as a condition of providing a copy of a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section or as a condition of verification of a prescription under paragraph (a)(2) of this section; or
- (3) Require the patient to sign a waiver or release as a condition of releasing or verifying a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section.

§315.4 Limits on requiring immediate payment.

A prescriber may require payment of fees for an eye examination, fitting, and evaluation before the release of a contact lens prescription, but only if the prescriber requires immediate payment in the case of an examination that reveals no requirement for ophthalmic goods. For purposes of the preceding sentence, presentation of proof of insurance coverage for that service shall be deemed to be a payment.

§ 315.5 Prescriber verification.

- (a) Prescription requirement. A seller may sell contact lenses only in accordance with a contact lens prescription for the patient that is:
- (1) Presented to the seller by the patient or prescriber directly or by facsimile; or
 - (2) Verified by direct communication.
- (b) Information for verification. When seeking verification of a contact lens prescription, a seller shall provide the prescriber with the following information through direct communication:
- (1) The patient's full name and address;
- (2) The contact lens power, manufacturer, base curve or appropriate designation, and diameter when appropriate;
 - (3) The quantity of lenses ordered;
 - (4) The date of patient request;
- (5) The date and time of verification request;
- (6) The name of a contact person at the seller's company, including facsimile and telephone numbers; and
- (7) If the seller opts to include the prescriber's regular business hours on Saturdays as "business hours" for purposes of paragraph (c)(3) of this section, a clear statement of the prescriber's regular Saturday business hours.
- (c) Verification events. A prescription is verified under paragraph (a)(2) of this section only if one of the following occurs:
- (1) The prescriber confirms the prescription is accurate by direct communication with the seller;
- (2) The prescriber informs the seller through direct communication that the prescription is inaccurate and provides the accurate prescription; or
- (3) The prescriber fails to communicate with the seller within eight (8) business hours after receiving from the seller the information described in paragraph (b) of this section. During these eight (8) business hours, the seller shall provide a reasonable oppor-

tunity for the prescriber to communicate with the seller concerning the verification request.

- (d) Invalid prescription. If a prescriber informs a seller before the deadline under paragraph (c)(3) of this section that the contact lens prescription is inaccurate, expired, or otherwise invalid, the seller shall not fill the prescription. The prescriber shall specify the basis for the inaccuracy or invalidity of the prescription. If the prescription communicated by the seller to the prescriber is inaccurate, the prescriber shall correct it, and the prescription shall then be deemed verified under paragraph (c)(2) of this section.
- (e) No alteration of prescription. A seller may not alter a contact lens prescription. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a seller may substitute for private label contact lenses specified on a prescription identical contact lenses that the same company manufactures and sells under different labels.
- (f) Recordkeeping requirement verification requests. A seller shall maintain a record of all direct communications referred to in paragraph (a) of this section. Such record shall consist of the following:
- (1) For prescriptions presented to the seller: the prescription itself, or the facsimile version thereof (including an email containing a digital image of the prescription), that was presented to the seller by the patient or prescriber.
- (2) For verification requests by the seller:
- (i) If the communication occurs via facsimile or e-mail, a copy of the verification request, including the information provided to the prescriber pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section, and confirmation of the completed transmission thereof, including a record of the date and time the request was made;
- (ii) If the communication occurs via telephone, a log:
- (A) Describing the information provided pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section,
- (B) Setting forth the date and time the request was made,
- (C) Indicating how the call was completed, and